

## LESSON IV – Days with Books and Writers

---



Have you studied the perfect tenses? Let's practice those forms! Complete the following synopses.

Present	habitō	_____	_____
Imperfect	_____	vidēbās	_____
Future	_____	_____	aget
Perfect	habitāvī	_____	_____
Pluperfect	_____	vīderās	_____
Future Perfect	_____	_____	ēgerit
Present	afficimus	_____	
Imperfect	_____	impediēbātis	
Future	_____	_____	
Perfect	affēcimus	_____	
Pluperfect	_____	impedīverātis	
Future Perfect	_____	_____	

*Notā Bene:* Don't forget to review the perfect tenses of the linking verb. When you check the preceding work in class, be ready to give an oral synopsis of *sum* in the third person plural.

Now make the following verbs singular and translate those singular forms.

vocāverint	_____
auxistis	_____
crēverant	_____
interfēcimus	_____
pervēnerātis	_____



Let's review prepositions!

Give two different meanings for each of the following.

1. ā, ab \_\_\_\_\_
2. ad \_\_\_\_\_
3. dē \_\_\_\_\_
4. inter \_\_\_\_\_
5. sub \_\_\_\_\_



What case (accusative or ablative) is governed by each of the following?

6. per \_\_\_\_\_
7. prō \_\_\_\_\_
8. sine \_\_\_\_\_
9. super \_\_\_\_\_
10. trāns \_\_\_\_\_



Do you remember what the *fascēs* looked like? Translate the following five sentences about lictors, the men who carried the *fascēs*. Note the prepositional phrases.



1. Lictōrēs pīmō prae rēgibus fascēs portābant.  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Posteā, lictōrēs ante cōsulēs et aliōs magistratūs (dignitaries) haec signa imperī portābant.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Sī lictor in Urbem veniēbat, secūrem (axe) ē fascibus removēbat.  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. In Urbe duodecim lictōrēs cum quōque (each) cōsule prōcēdēbant.  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Apud populum Rōmānum lictōrēs fascēs dēmittēbant.  
\_\_\_\_\_