

LESSON XXIV – A Visit to the Academy



Let's expand! In Latin I, you learned that certain tenses of *faciō* “did not exist” in the passive voice. Now you can fill in that gap.



Using the regular passive forms for the perfect tenses of *faciō*, complete the following synopsis of *fiō* in the third person singular.

	<i>Indicative</i>	<i>Subjunctive</i>
Present	_____	_____
Imperfect	_____	_____
Future	_____	N/A
Perfect	_____	_____
Pluperfect	_____	_____
Future Perfect	_____	N/A

Now change the following verb forms as requested.

1. Make *fiant* indicative. _____
2. Make *fēcisse* passive. _____
3. Make *fī* active. _____
4. Make *factūrus* passive. _____
5. Make *fierēmus* indicative and active. _____



Let's expand further! A very important idiom illustrating the predicate adjective is *certior fierī* (to be informed; or, literally: to be made more certain). In Latin, the converse of this idiom is *certiōrem [aliquem] facere* (to inform).



Translate the following.

1. Who informed you (singular)?

2. We have not been informed.
