

LESSON XIII – Sightseeing at Brundisium



Let's practice with new material! Have you read pages 74–75? If so, you are probably ready for the following exercise.

1. Make *ferō* perfect. _____
2. Make *lātus erās* active. _____
3. Make *fers* imperative. _____
4. Make *tulī* future perfect. _____
5. Make *ferret* indicative. _____
6. Make *lātus esse* present. _____
7. Make *feriminī* singular. _____
8. Make *tulī* passive. _____
9. Make *ferimus* subjunctive. _____
10. Make *lātus* future. _____



Let's expand! You will soon learn many compounds of this unusual new verb, but *ferō* itself has a great many definitions. Use it to create infinitive phrases with the following meanings.

1. to bear a standard _____
2. to bring a report _____
3. to conduct oneself _____
4. to obtain a reward _____
5. to offer a gift _____
6. to produce a supply _____



- 7. to propose a law _____
- 8. to snatch loot _____
- 9. to suffer a punishment _____
- 10. to tolerate an injustice _____



Let's review! Complete the following chart with the present and imperfect tenses for verbs of all four conjugations.



	<i>Present Active Infinitive</i>	<i>Present Stem</i>		<i>Present Active Subjunctive</i>	<i>Imperfect Active Subjunctive</i>
1.	vocāre	_____	1 S	_____	_____
2.	_____	monē	1 PL	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	1 PL	vertāmus	_____
4.	_____	_____	2 S	_____	raperēs
5.	_____	_____	2 S	impediās	_____
6.	_____	stā	2 PL	_____	_____
7.	valēre	_____	3 PL	_____	_____
8.	_____	preme	3 S	_____	_____
9.	_____	_____	3 S	dēspiciat	_____
10.	_____	_____	3 PL	_____	venīrent